

新高一英语-语法词汇班

2021年7月24日(周六)

精练笔记

change 改变

exchange 交换

encourage 鼓励

courage 勇气=bravery

1-Some children **want to challenge** themselves by learning a language different from **__conj. A__ their parents speaks at home.**

A. what B. that C. which

用已知求未知

0-判断是否使用连词

1-判断从句类型 n/adj./adv.

1.1-**主要动词法**: 多个谓语动词, 找主要谓语动词

What I got is what I want.

1.2-**宾语从句的快速通道** (多种宾语从句)

vt/vi+prep/prep/vt+o1+o2/it+conj.+句子

1.3-**n+conj.+句子**: 定语从句/同位语

2-排除异己 (3个圈7个区)

3-看**从句**中缺什么, 缺啥补啥

4-语境把关

5-窝里斗

2- **__conj. __ has helped to save the drowning girl is worth praising.**

A. Who D. Whoever

drowning 溺水

draw 画画 -》拖拉拽; drawer 抽屉

吸引: draw=attract one's attention

得出: draw a **__conclusion __** (conclude) that...同位语 = conclude that ...宾语从句

3-It is obvious to the students **_____ they should get well prepared for their future.**

C. whether D. that

obvious= apparent 明显的

transparent 透明的

it:

1-**强调句**: it is/was +被强调的成分+that+剩余的成分

It is in the room that I met her.

2-形式主语→真正的主语从句

3-代词

4-The new comer went to the library **the other day-几天前** and searched for _____ he could find about Mark Twain. A. wherever B. however C. whatever

5-It doesn't matter _____ you pay by cash-现金 or credit card-信用卡 in this store.

A. how B. **whether** D. why
credit 学分

6-The United States **is made up** of fifty states, one of ___ conj. -which ___ **is separated** from the others by the Pacific Ocean.

A. them B. those C. which D. whose

I have 3 sons, all of whom go to school.

7-The film brought 《purchase 购买》 back the hours to me _____ I was taken good care of in the **far-
away-remote village.**

A. until B. that C. **when** D. where

8-There were dirty marks on her **trousers** _____ conj. _____ she had wiped her hands.

A. **where** B. which C. when D. that

连词: 连接; 指代; 作成分

9-He often asked me the question **that** the work was worth doing.

A. whether B. where C. that D. when

10-Luckily, we'd brought a road map without **conj.** we would have lost our way.

A. it B. that C. this D. which

11- **conj.**-What **is known** to all **is that** the earth **is** smaller than the sun.

A. As B. What C. It D. Which

11.1- **As is known to all**, the earth **is** smaller than the sun. **which** 不引导位于句首的非限定从

11.2-the earth **is** smaller than the sun, **which/as is known to all**,

11.3- **It is known** that the earth...

12-The nurses are trying their best to reduce the patient's fear **A** he would die of the disease.

A. that B. as C. of which D. which

reduce/release/relieve 缓解 the pressure/stress/burden 减负, 减压

13-It **is** a rule in his family **that conj.** **comes home should cook** the dinner.

B. who C. whoever D. that

14- **What** has been **proved is that** animals and insects **have** their own languages.

A. What B. As C. It D. That

n个连词, n+1个谓语动词

I eat ...and drink...

15-They lost their way in the forest, and **conj.** **D** **made matters worse was** that night began to fall.

A. it B. which C. that D. what

16-It matters little how a man dies, but what matters much is _____ he lives.

A. how B. what C. why D. that

17-What is **troubling** me is _____ conj. _____ I don't understand sth.

A. that B. what C. who D. whatever

18-The **thought** _____ that _____ he might fail in the exam **worried** him.

A. when B. which C. what D. that

fail v. -> failure n. 衰竭

organ failure 器官衰竭

kidney failure 肾脏衰竭

19-George Orwell, _____ was Eric Arthur, wrote many political novels and essays.

A. the real name B. what his real name C. his real name D. whose real name

20- _____ surprised me most **was** _____ the girl passed the driver test.

A. That that B. What; how C. **What; that** D. That; why

七选五 (句子) ~ 完形填空 (词)

中心词:

名词; 代词-it/this/that; 冠词: the

逻辑关系的副词: however; therefore;

heartily 衷心地

pioneer 先锋, 先驱

brief 简短的; n. 简报

chief 主要的

chef 主厨

thief 小偷

bill 账单

prison ->

poison -毒药

<Prison Break> 越狱

<Friends> -> pioneer
nevertheless 然而

__ X->总领 __

__ X->A / B __

__ 上下文逻辑关系 __

necessity n 必需品 ->necessary
.....

3-In the dark street, there wasn't a single person **to** who->whom she could turn for help.
turn to sb for help

定语从句中如果连词作了前置介词的宾语，只能用宾格，指代人用whom，指代事用which，且不可以省略

This is the book **about** how to enhance your vocabulary
enhance> improve

4-As the smallest child of his family, Alex is always longing for the time **why-**» (that/when) he should be able to be independent.

当定语从句中的先行词是概括性的名词(time/moment/place/reason/way/means) 连词在从句中作状语，可以使用连词that，或者是省略

be longing for 渴望; desire to do /be eager to do

independent 独立的

depend on=rely on = count on 依赖，依靠

rely-» reliable 可依赖的，可依靠的

5-I borrow the book Sherlock Holmes from the library last week, **which** my classmates recommended to me.

6-Everyone **has been** to Shanghai **says (that)** it **is** a modern city.

6.1-增加连词: Everyone **that/who has been** to Shanghai **says (that)** it **is** a modern city.

6.2-变成连词: **Whoever has been** to Shanghai **says (that)** it **is** a modern city.

7.1-Stephen Hawking believes that the earth is unlikely to be **the only planets** **where->(that)** we can **live on.**

7.2-Stephen Hawking believes that the earth is unlikely to be **the only planets** **where** we can live.

is likely to do (do) 有可能做某事

...chat now and then with _____