新高一英语-语法词汇班

2021年7月16日(周五)

精讲笔记

Finally he reached a lonely island _that/which_ was completely cut off from the outside world. 连介代冠 n个连词,n+I 个谓语动词 n+conj.+句子: 同位语/定语 定语从句(句子): that/which

PI09-Group 2

I-Nick's guests-人, <u>who</u> had heard their conversation, asked why they should not buy salt more cheaply if they could.

2-Compared with staying in my hometown, I chose to leave for New York, __conj. -where/and___ might have a better chance to find a good job. 定语M句连词: 连接,指代,作成分 定语: whose+n->人事物 状语: when/where/why chance ->opportunity 良机 catch/grasp the opportunity 抓住机会 grasp -> 理解 get it ->明白= understand

3-I have never seen such kind of girl <u>conj.</u> she is. A. that B. who C. which X D. as whether…or not …… such…as…

4-Among the many dangers (<u>that/which)</u> sailors have to face, probably the greatest of all is fog. sailor 小手 fog 雾;frog 青蛙⁴⁴ smog = smoke+fog 雾霾 定语从句中连词作宾语一般可以省略 ~ 特殊**:**

5-The books selected on the desk, _____ covers are shiny, are prizes for us. choose 选择 -> select 精挑细选 elect 选举 compulsory courses 以修课 elective/selective/optional courses 选修课

P109:

I -I am looking forward to the day <mark>how->when my daughter can read this book and know my feelings for her.</mark>

2-She is the woman (which->who/whom/that) I would like to be in the future.

3-The prize will go to the writer what->whose story shows the most imagination.

5-We'll reach the sales targets in a month <mark>when->(that/which) we set at the beginning of the year</mark> target 目标 (income 收入) budget 目标; 预算 (expense 花销)

P115

I-Please send us all the information (as->that) you have about the candidate for the position.

candidate 候选人 position 职位;岗位 career 事业 occupy 占据->occupation 占据; 职位 occupied ->be occupied with 忙于做某事

2/5

2-We' II meet the famous singer (which->who/whom/that) we talked about yesterday.

3-In the dark street, there wasn't a single person to who/whom/that she could turn for help. turn to sb for help

定语从句中,如果连词作了前置行词的宾语,只能用宾格(指代人用whom;指代事用which),且不可以省略。

3-In the dark street, there wasn't a single person who she could turn to for help.

The book is about how to enhance your vocabulary.

4-As the smallest child of his family, Alex is always longing for the time why->(when/that) he should be able to be independent.

当定语从句中的连词是概括性的名词(time/moment/place/reason/way/means)在从句中作状语,可以 使用连词that,或者是省略

be longing for 渴望 independent 独立的 depend on = rely on = count on 依赖,依靠

5-I borrow the book Sherlock Holmes from the library last week, which my classmates recommended to me. recommend 推荐 sb sth= recommend sth to sb

How will

6-Everyone has been to Shanghai says (that) it is a modern city.

6.1-<u>Everyone who/that has been to Shanghai says</u> (that) it is a modern city. 6.2-Whoever has been to Shanghai says (that) it is a modern city.

省略: 宾语从句的第一个连词是that可以省略; 定语从句中连词作宾语一般可以省略

7.1-Stephen Hawking believes that the earth is unlikely to be the only planets where-which we can

live on.

be likely to do sth 可能做某事 7.1-Stephen Hawking believes that the earth is unlikely to be the only planets where we can live.

etiquette 美德 gotta-》have to gonna-» going to wanna- » want to enhance 全面提高> improve vocabulary 词记 recite the vocabulary 背诵单词 formal 正式的 official 官方的 occasion 时机;场合 earn/gain/obtain/attain (hard work) > get scholarship 奖学金 scholar 学者 +ship - 》 奖学金 degree 学位 master degree 顾士学位 master 大师; v. 精通, 掌握 bachelor degree 学士学位 bachelor 单月沉- >bachelor party 单月派对 best man 伴郎 maid of honor 伴娘 doctor degree 博士学位 achieve 成功获得-> achievement 成就 accomplish 成功完成 transfer student 转校生

4/5

exchange student 交换生 international student 留学生 take 搞定 tough rough Life is rough, so you gonna be tough. extremely > very go to extreme 走极端 seek-sought-sought hide and seek 捉迷藏

show up =turn up turn down 调低; 拒绝=reject=refuse= decline 变婉拒绝; 缓慢下降 serve 服务 +sb/sth ->service n. 服务 serve people 为人民服务 serve the tea 倒茶 original =initial 最初的; 首字母大写 origin 起源

The Vampire's Diary 〈Original Vampire 初代吸血鬼 witch - 》immortal 永生的,不朽的;bastard Hope The Legacy 吸血鬼后裔

Friends/Prison Break (越狱)