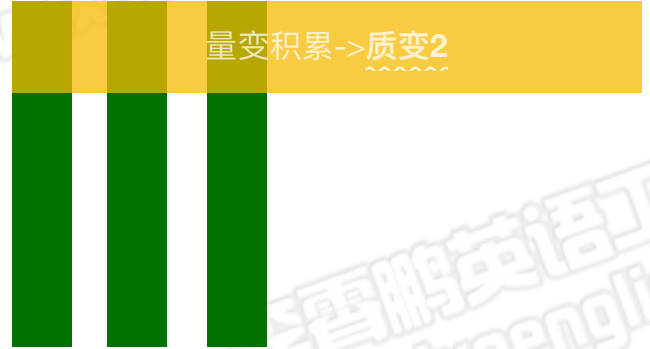
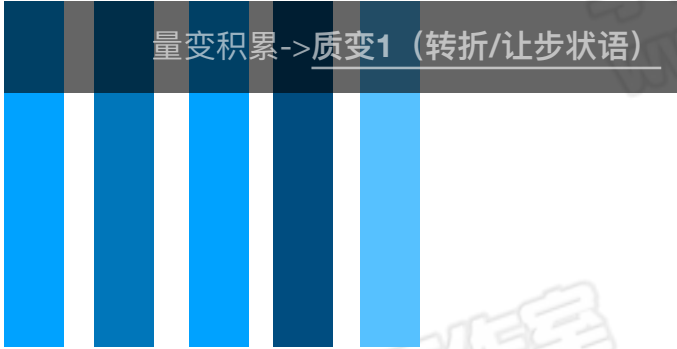


# 精英7班（完形填空）笔记

2020年8月3日（周一）

精讲笔记

## A-从点到线



## B-从而发现规律为己所用

量变积累->质变 ->规律1 (转折/让步状语)

## 说明议论文

### 转折/让步状语总结一下:

1-连词: While/Though...A..., (however,)...B...

However wealthy we may be, ...

No matter how wealthy we may be, ...

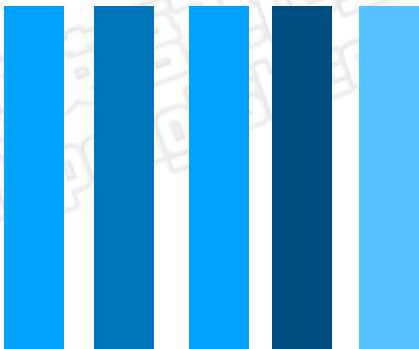
2-副词: ...A..., But ...B...=...A... (Though,但是) ...B...(though,但是).

3-倒装:as的倒置 (约课)

4-介词: In spite of/Despite

5-词组: on the contrary/to the opposite/the opposite to which...

## C-从规律中来到规律中去



...A...,...B...

题目1: 环保(不是A/B观点句子)

背景句子...enjoy the gifts nature give us. **However**, we ...manage and protect the environment where we live.

题目2: 出国留学(无需侧重A或B观点)

(With) ... choice, ...A... **but disagreed/opposing opinion emerged (that ...B...)**.

(With) ... choice, ...A..., **the opposite to which others hold the opposing view that they prefer study in China...B...**.

题目3: 提倡网路投票(转折的忽略点/过渡夸大)

处理方式可以用I

转折: 优点+should not be exaggerated/

缺点+should not be hidden/ignored

题目4: A/B debate

题目5: 可以不用在首段

首段: 经济发展, 选择增多

次段: 有人选择出国

三段: 有人青睐在国内

R1411-B(转折)

However wealthy we may be, **(but)** we can never find enough hours in the day to do everything we want. Economics deals with this problem through the concept of opportunity cost, which simply refers to whether someone' s time or money could be better spent on something else.

R1704-D 开篇段(隐藏的转折)

Hollywood' s **theory** that machines with evil(邪恶的) minds will drive armies of killer robots is just silly. (But) The real problem relates to the **possibility** that artificial intelligence (AI) may become extremely good at achieving something other than what we really want.

隐藏的转折: **now/the truth is/the true(real)/then/...**

MRO12-C开篇段(双重转折)

For generations, students were taught to stretch(拉伸) before playing games. **(But)Then** the practice fell out of favor. Studies seemed to show that such stretching temporarily reduces muscular power, weakens athletic performance and increases the risk of injury. So most fitness experts currently advise against stretches before exercise. **But now** a new research indicates that they might not be such a bad idea after all.

C0607-开篇段

The survey about childhood in the Third World shows that the struggle for survival is long and hard. **But** in the rich world, children can suffer from a different kind of poverty—of the spirit. For instance,

one Western country alone now sees 14,000 attempted suicides (自杀) every year by children under 15, and one child in five needs psychiatric(心理) advice.

#### 写作-说明议论文开头

##### 高考范文1-出国留学

(With) the society developing rapidly and people's living standard improving remarkably, what an increasing number of teenagers are pursuing is a new trend that they consider going abroad for further education as their first choice, because of which a fierce debate emerged.

(With) ... choice, but disagreed/opposing opinion emerged (that ...).

(With) ... choice, the opposite to which others hold the opposing view that they prefer study in China.

##### 高考范文2-网络投票

With on-line voting becoming increasingly popular and many competitions getting people around involved in it, some people benefit from taking part in the activities, the opposite to which, others are somewhat puzzled into a dilemma about whether to vote or not.

#### CET-4-范文1

##### Credit Cards

Personal credit cards are becoming more common in China. Banks and other financial institutions are encouraging their customers to change the way they buy things. Credit cards, otherwise known as "plastic money", are being offered on very good terms条款-policy政策 to encourage the change. Consumers will be able to "buy now, pay later", and many see this as an advantage. But...

#### TOEFL-Model-1

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? It is better to watch serious movies to get deeper thoughts than to watch movies that amuse or entertain you.

The world's movie industry has witnessed见证 unprecedented 史无前例的 boom/rise/development in recent years. Delighted with an ample(=enormous/an increasing number of) supply of excellent motion pictures, global audiences are thankful for the combined efforts made by film crews. Among these popular productions, serious movies and entertaining movies are the most influential. Some viewers are in favor of the former, saying serious ones evoke=arouse/raise/stimulate刺激/inspire/awaken deeper thoughts, while other fans support the latter due to their humor. According to my preference, I would express my appreciation for serious movies.

#### TOEFL-Model-2

Is relating well to others more important than studying hard? (转折里多了满分基因-引起读者共鸣注意)

Robinson Crusoe is only a dream hero existing in people's fancy world of imagination. As social beings, humans can never do without the help and support from others. Isolation is the strongest enemy in one's career life. It has been widely acknowledged that relating well to others paves the way for people to achieve professional success. **However**, that does not mean what has been learned in class is not worthwhile. In my opinion, building good relationship with others is **as important as** studying hard at school.

#### TOEFL-Model-3

**marvellous** adj. 惊奇的, 神奇的, 很棒的-fantastic

Do grades成绩 encourage students to learn?

Having a glimpse of the current situation in education around the globe, we may **marvel at-be surprised at the large variety of examinations students must take each semester**. Apparently, giving grades is considered the most common method to evaluate评估-assess the performance of a student. The entire teaching system cannot do without it. In a sense, pursuing high grades is indeed an essential stimulus刺激 for students to concentrate on their textbooks. It is admitted that marks really encourage the students to learn, **but** their importance should not be **exaggerated**夸张, 夸大.

#### IELTS-ESSAY 1

In the past, people spent their entire lives doing one job. But nowadays, they change their jobs frequently. Please give the reasons and your suggestions.

**Though** the experience of moving from one job to another can sometimes be distressing=depressed-unhappy or even traumatic伤害的, thousands of employees move from one job to another in rapid **succession**连续-continuously every year. Conventional reasons people give for job hopping include lousy bosses, miserable salaries and hostile work environments. **Yet** the **fundamental reason**根本原因 has always been hidden and thus ignored by the general public.

#### IELTS-ESSAY 4

What is it in the mass media that has negative effects on teenagers and what measures should governments take to solve this problem?

The 20th century has witnessed unprecedented advancement in virtually=in fact all fields of daily life, and the mass media is no exception. **However**, everything comes at a price. **While** we enjoy all the conveniences bought by new ways of disseminating=transmission=publicize=spread=distribute information, our teenagers are adversely affected. There is too much in the media that is harmful to young people.

## 精英7班（完形填空）笔记

2020年7月28日（周二）

精练笔记

P1-As early as the mid-18th century, some people began raising doubts about Marco Polo's travels. In 1995, historian Frances Wood argued-questioned -> query n. 质疑, 疑问 in her book Did Marco Polo Go to China? that the famous explorer from Venice never made it to pass the Black Sea. She noted that his travel journal left out-miss the Great Wall of China, chopsticks and tea drinking among other details. Furthermore, Chinese documents from Polo's day made no mention of the explorer and his men.

P2-Wood and other scholars have argued that Marco Polo based his tales of China on information collected from fellow trades who had actually been there.

base...on...

He based his conclusion on the evidence given by the captured prisoners.

fellow/guys/mate->soul mate/partner/son/companion 伙伴, 同伴

I'm gay

I'm a gay

Last year, a team of Italian researchers became the latest to challenge Polo's accounts (叙述). They said that evidence didn't support his description of Kublai Khan's Japanese invasions (侵略). -> invade aggression 侵略 adversity 逆境 prescription 处方

P3-Now, however, research by Hans Ulrich Vogel of Germany's Tübingen University might help prove Marco Polo was true. In a new book Marco Polo Was in China, the professor of Chinese history tries to prove that Marco Polo spoke the truth. He suggests-表明/认为, for example, that Polo didn't include the Great Wall in his book because it only achieved its great importance in the Ming Dynasty several hundred years later. Vogel further explains that Chinese records from the 13th and 14th centuries avoided setting-write down visits from Westerners.

P4-Historians before him have touched on these issues. But Vogel also relies on another evidence: the explorer's very detailed descriptions of currency and salt production in the Yuan Dynasty. According to Vogel, Polo documented these aspects of Mongol Chinese culture in greater detail than

any other of his time. This is a hint-clue-thread 线索 (暗示) that Polo relied on his own powers of observation.

《Escape Room》-》密室逃生

current adj. 目前的; 流通的; n. current ...流

currency 货币

P5-Will we ever know whether Marco Polo traveled to China? Perhaps not, but the consequences influence/impact 影响 +on

affection 喜爱, 情感

effect -》affect v.

of his real or fictional journey are still felt across the globe. One reader of The Travels of Marco Polo was Christopher Columbus, who stepped upon the New World while following his idol' s footsteps.

1-France Wood doubted Marco Polo' s travel' s to China because his description \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. missed=left out some important culture of China
- B. covered so much about traders' life
- C. was full of obvious mistakes
- D. seemed less detailed

2-Vogel' s trust on Marco Polo is based on the argument that \_\_\_\_\_ .

- a. The Great Wall didn' t gain its importance then ✓
- b. Records in the Yuan Dynasty mentioned Polo x
- c. Polo mentioned the currency and salt ✓
- d. Polo' s other works are believable x
- e. Polo recorded what he saw in great detail

C. a, e

3-Which of the following shows the structure of the text?

plot 情节

merchant

conflict 冲突

contradiction 矛盾

column 专栏; 圆柱

distinguished 卓越的= outstanding = prominent

notorious 臭名昭著的

destruction -》destroy 毁灭, 毁坏

description-》 describe v.

merge 吞并; 融合

anecdote 奇闻轶事

Join me for XXX is the best medicine to XXX.

rare 稀有的

generous 慷慨的

Such the acts of XX can change the lives and give xxx that warm feeling full of love.

->Exploring the show is an amazing experience, a fantastic experience, a fabulous journey that won' t fail to inspire you.

submit 提交, 上交

container 容器