

2018年10月2日(周日)

Q1

thriller n. 惊悚片

genre n. 体裁(电影)

horror n. 恐怖片

fake n. 赝品 adj. 虚假的

unnatural adj. 不自然

I thought **that you are right.**

I thought **it right that you helped her.**

但是,表示“爱,恨,喜欢,不喜欢”等动词时

常用句型: 主语 + 动词 + it + when/if...

I don't like **it** when/if actors are fake.

I appreciate it when you helped me.

I appreciate it if you help me.

Q2

Here comes the bus.

1-方位词位于句首,

2-主语是名词,

3-动词表示存在或位移类的动词。

结论: 句子需要主谓倒装。

The bus comes from the foot of the mountain.

From the foot of the mountain comes the bus.

An apple is there in the room.

->There is an apple in the room.

->In the room is an apple.

->There in the room is an apple.

写作应用:

介绍某个地点: 校园

1-有一个教学楼在校园的中心。

2-操场就是教学楼的前面。

A playground is in front of the teaching building.

There is a teaching building in the center of the school yard.

中国学生, 英语作文: 不敢造出过于文绉绉的汉语,

With a playground (being) in front of it, there is a teaching building in the center of the school yard.

意群1: 走近校园的中心, 你会见一个教学楼坐落在那, 而在它的前面有一个操场。

Approaching the center of the school yard, you can see that a teaching building is there and that in front of it is a playground.

I think (that) **you are right** and that we are wrong.

Approaching the center of the school yard, you can see that a teaching building **stands** there and that in front of it **lies** a playground.

意群2: 走近校园的中心, 你会见一个高10米的教学楼坐落在那, 而在它的前面有一个操场。

Approaching the center of the school **campus**, you can see that a teaching building **of 10 meters in height** **stands** there and that in front of it **lies** a playground.

随着社会的发展, 共享单车越来越流行了。

With the society developing, share-bicycle is more and more popular.

A引起B:

A contribute to B A引起B

= attribute B to A 把B的产生归因于A

= A result in B

= A cause B

according to /

raise 提高 + attention / concern

arouse + attention / concern

南方高考: 句法和词法

The books we are looking forward **to** _are published_ (publish). 句法和词法对比题

The books _were/are published_ (publish)

The Internet provides people with the chance to have the information (that) they need _____ to them quickly and cheaply.

A. delivered **B. to deliver**

C. delivering **D. deliver**

have sb./sth. + doing一直做/doing做/done被...

leave sb doing/adj./done

I didn't get up **until** she came back.

Not until she came back did I get up.

inevitably

out of the question

不可能

out of question

毫无意义